## Artificial Intelligence for Future of Travel Demand Modeling

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## Self Introduction

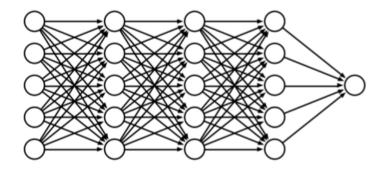


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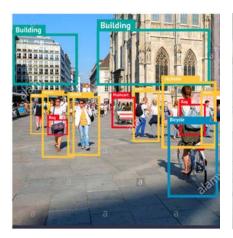


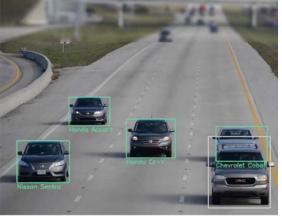
## What is artificial intelligence?

Centered at the **Deep Learning** (Deep Neural Network Models)



### Extremely broad applications









### How to use AI to improve transportation?

## **Project**: Transit-Centric Smart Mobility System (TSMS) for High-Growth Urban Activity Centers: Improving Energy Efficiency through Machine Learning

Pls: Jinhua Zhao (MIT), Haris Koutsopoulos (NEU), Shenhao Wang (UFL), Venu Garikapati (NERL)

Time period: 2020-2024

Industrial partner: Chicago Transit Authority

Pilot experiment: Chicago

Grant: \$2.2M

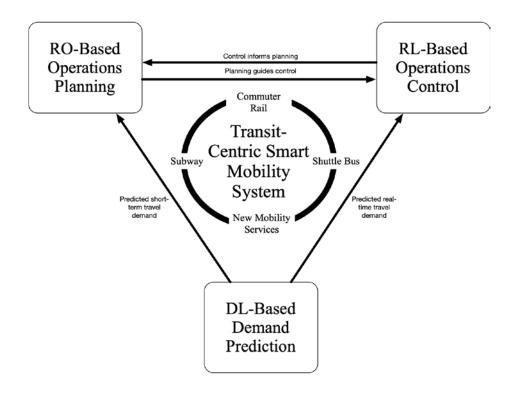
Sponsor: USDOE

## Scope of the TSMS project

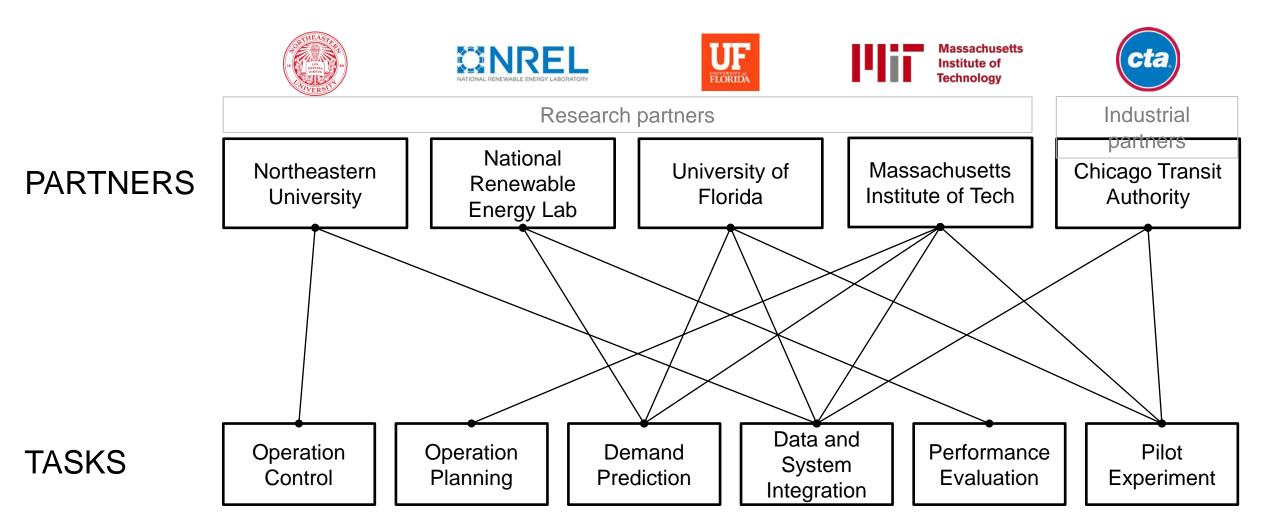
**Goal**: Using AI to improve the public transit.

Three technical pillars for three transit functions

- Deep learning (DL) for transit demand prediction
- Reinforcement learning (RL) for transit operation control
- Robust optimization (RO) for transit operation planning



### Collaboration network

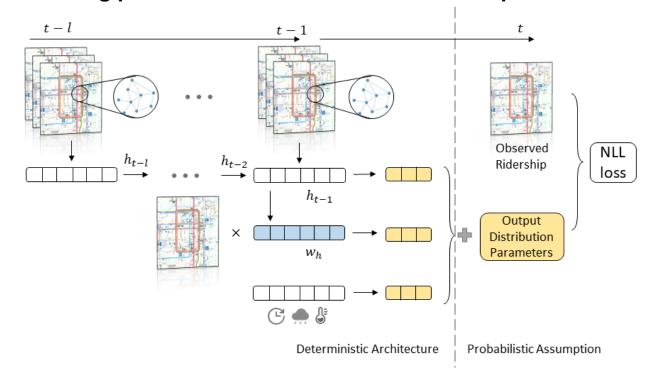


## Technical achievement 1. Designing probabilistic graph neural networks (GCNs) to predict spatiotemporal transit demand

### **Technology innovation**

- 1. Propose probabilistic GCNs, as opposed to deterministic GCNs
- 2. Apply the framework to quantify demand uncertainty
- Predict spatiotemporal demand uncertainty with >25% higher performance than benchmarks

### Combining probabilistic and deterministic assumptions

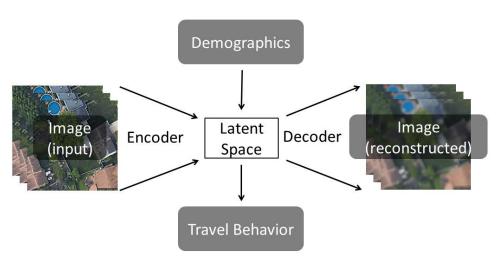


## Technical achievement 2: Using urban imagery to enhance travel demand prediction with >5% improvement

### **Technology innovation**

- Create a deep hybrid model (DHM) for transit demand prediction with urban imagery
- It improves accuracy by >5% in demand prediction

Deep hybrid models combining data (numbers + imagery), and models (classical demand models + computer vision)



## Technical achievement 3: Designing a reinforcement learning (RL) framework for real-time bus controls

#### Bus as a reinforcement learner



### Technology innovation - RL formulation

- 1. Agent: bus
- 2. State: local and neighboring buses
- 3. Action: holding and stop-skipping
- 4. Reward: waiting and riding time

Empirically, the RL approach reduces the waiting time by 4~8%.



Human & Machine Interactions

### An Important Question for the TSMS project

# How are the technical achievements translated into practice?

Using the technologies to conduct a bus control pilot experiment in Route-81, Chicago (2022 Fall)

Collaborative work with Chicago Transit Authority (CTA)



## Motivation of the pilot

**Transit workforce shortage** in 2022: 84% of US agencies impacted



In CTA: Only 84% services were delivered.

The status-quo control system is:

- Non-digitized
- Non-integrated
- Not effective

We demonstrate how AI can address the transit operation challenges in a pilot.

## Achievements in the pilot

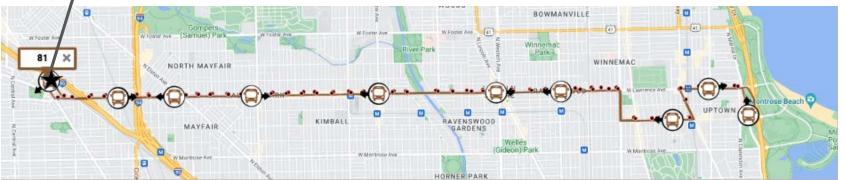
- 1. Built a real-time control dashboard to streamline the information.
- 2. Implemented an AI-empowered recommendation engine to control bus dispatching.

#### **Terminal:** Jefferson Park



#### Students on the site



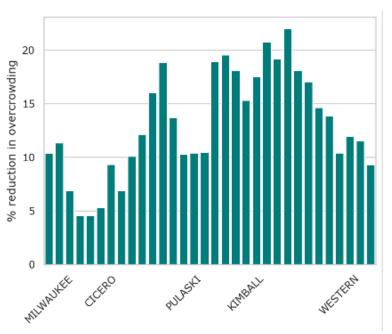


## Achievements in the pilot

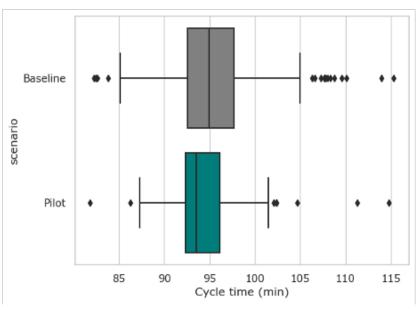
Excess wait time by # of bus trips
37% reduction

100
80
80
80
40
20
13
14
15
16
17

Overcrowding by stop 5-20% reduction



## 90th Cycle times 2.4% reduction





## Thank You

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